



Contribution ID: 43

Type: **Oral presentation**

A case report of equine infectious anemia in the Netherlands

Thursday 11 September 2025 11:15 (15 minutes)

Equine infectious anemia (EIA) is a notifiable viral disease in equids caused by a vector-borne lentivirus. In March 2025, EIA was diagnosed in a horse in the Netherlands for the first time since 2017. The animal showed no clinical signs of illness and originated from Eastern Europe, where EIA is endemically present. The infection came to light when the horse was tested for antibodies against ELAV as part of an export screening. Official samples were collected and tested positive according to the ELISA and Coggins test.

Consequently, necropsy was performed and tissue samples were sent to the European Reference Laboratory for EIA (ANSES, France). ELAV genomic DNA was detected in samples from the liver, spleen and mesenteric lymph nodes by realtime-PCR, while RNA detection was unsuccessful. Molecular characterization of the isolated strain is ongoing.

The horse had been residing in the Netherlands for three years and following an investigation by the authorities, 40 horses with an epidemiological link at three different locations were traced and sampled twice for serological screening. The second sampling took place after a period of 90 days, during which the horses were quarantined. In addition, movement of horses and manure was not allowed on these locations. All horses tested negative during the first and second round of sampling. This case highlights the importance of the screening of animals to prevent the introduction of infectious diseases into non-endemic areas.

Keywords

Equine Infectious Anemia
Notifiable disease
Equids
Lentivirus

Registration ID

ECVM25-37

Professional Status of the submitter, who is also the speaker

Senior Scientist

Author: GRAHAM, Heather (Wageningen Bioveterinary Research, Wageningen University and Research, Lelystad, The Netherlands)

Co-authors: FROGER, Delphine (ANSES - Laboratory for Animal Health in Normandy, Physiopathology and Epidemiology of Equine Diseases Unit, Goustranville, France); MADELINE, Anthony (ANSES - Laboratory for Animal Health in Normandy, Physiopathology and Epidemiology of Equine Diseases Unit, Goustranville, France); LECOULTURIER, Fanny (ANSES - Laboratory for Animal Health in Normandy, Physiopathology and Epidemiology of

Equine Diseases Unit, Goustranville, France); TACKEN, Mirriam (Wageningen Bioveterinary Research, Wageningen University and Research, Lelystad, The Netherlands); DE HAAN, Esther (Wageningen Bioveterinary Research, Wageningen University and Research, Lelystad, The Netherlands); HOLWERDA, Melle (Wageningen Bioveterinary Research, Wageningen University and Research, Lelystad, The Netherlands); VAN NESSELROOIJ, Rimke (Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries, Food Security and Nature, Den Haag, The Netherlands); JACOBS, Pieter (Netherlands Food and Consumer Product Safety Authority, Utrecht, the Netherlands); VISSER, Vanessa (Netherlands Food and Consumer Product Safety Authority, Utrecht, the Netherlands); SPIERENBURG, Marcel (Netherlands Food and Consumer Product Safety Authority, Utrecht, the Netherlands)

Presenter: GRAHAM, Heather (Wageningen Bioveterinary Research, Wageningen University and Research, Lelystad, The Netherlands)

Session Classification: Viral Epidemiology and Case Reports

Track Classification: Veterinary Bacteriology, Mycology and Virology